

Study guide for Chapter 1

1) Definition of pressure

2) Pressure due to Hg column $P = \rho gh$

3) Ideal gas law $PV=nRT$

4) Kinetic theory of gas

$$E_k = \frac{3}{2}RT \quad \text{or} \quad \varepsilon_k = \frac{3}{2} k_B T \quad \text{for monoatomic gas}$$

5) Rate of effusion

$$\bar{v} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{\rho}} \quad \text{or} \quad \bar{v} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}}$$

6) Molecular collision

$$\lambda = \frac{\bar{v}_A}{Z_A} \quad \text{Mean free path; Given collision diameter, find } \lambda$$

What is \bar{v}_A , Z_A given above eqn.?

$$7) P = P_0 e^{\frac{-mg}{RT} Z} = P_0 e^{\frac{-E_p}{RT}}$$

8) Maxwell distribution : Distribution shape for different T/
Gases

$$9) \text{ Real gas } Z = \frac{PV_m}{RT} \neq 1$$

10) What is T_c ? Shape of isotherms above/below T_c ?

$$11) \text{ vdW eqn. } \left(P + \frac{a}{V_m^2}\right) (V_m - b) = RT$$

12) Law of corresponding states, reduced quantities

$$\left(P_r + \frac{3}{V_r^2}\right) \left(V_r - \frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{8}{3} T_r \quad ; \text{ what is meaning?}$$